

**Answers to Exam for Dynamical Systems and Chaos, 5 April 2017.**

**I.**

1. The fixed point is  $(x^*, y^*) = (0, 0)$ .

2.

$$J = \begin{Bmatrix} -1 + y & 1 + x \\ 1 - 2x & -1 - 3y^2 \end{Bmatrix} \quad (1)$$

3. For  $(x^*, y^*) = (0, 0), \lambda = -2, 0, v_1 = (1, 1), v_2 = (1, -1)$ .

4. Stable in one direction, but marginal in the other.

5.  $V(x, y) = ax^2 + 2y^2 \Rightarrow \dot{V}(x, y) = 2ax\dot{x} + 4y\dot{y} = 2ax(-x + y + yx) + 4y(x - y - x^2 - y^3) = -2ax^2 + 2axy + 2ax^2y + 4xy - 4y^2 - 4yx^2 - 4y^4 = (a = 2)8xy - 4y^2 - 4x^2 - 4y^4 = -4(x - y)^2 - 4y^4 < 0$  if  $(x^*, y^*) \neq (0, 0)$ .  
Therefore  $(x^*, y^*) = (0, 0)$  is stable.

6. From above limit cycle is not possible.

**I.**

7. Null clines:  $\dot{x} = 0$  for  $x = 0, y = x(1 - x)$  and  $\dot{y} = 0$  for  $y = 0, x = a$

8.  $(x^*, y^*) = (0, 0), (1, 0), (a, a - a^2)$

9. For the fixed point  $(x^*, y^*) = (1, 0)$  the predator is extinct while prey exists.

10.

$$J = \begin{Bmatrix} 2x - 3x^2 - y & -x \\ y & x - a \end{Bmatrix} \quad (2)$$

$(x^*, y^*) = (0, 0), \lambda = -a, 0$ , one direction stable, one marginal.

$(x^*, y^*) = (1, 0), \lambda = -1, 1 - a$ , one direction stable, one unstable, saddle point.

11.  $(x^*, y^*) = (a, a - a^2) \Rightarrow \tau = -2a^2 + a, \Delta = -a^3 + a^2$

The Hopf occurs when  $\tau = a - 2a^2 = 0 \Rightarrow a_x = \frac{1}{2}$  while  $\Delta > 0$ , Change from complex stable to complex unstable.

12. For  $0 < a < \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \tau > 0$  so unstable.

**III.**

13.  $f'(x_n) = (1 - rx_n)\exp(r(1 - x_n))$   $x_m = \frac{1}{r}$ , minimum for  $r < 0$ , maximum for  $r > 0$

14.  $x^* = 0, 1$

15.  $f'(0) = \exp(r) \Rightarrow$  unstable for  $r > 0$ , stable for  $r < 0$

$f'(1) = 1 - r \Rightarrow$  unstable for  $r < 0$  and  $r > 2$

16.  $f'(1) = 1 - r = -1 \Rightarrow r_p = 2$

17.  $x_m = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \frac{1}{r}\exp(r - 1) \rightarrow \frac{1}{r}\exp(r - 1)\exp(r - \exp(r - 1)) = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow xp(r - 1)\exp(r - \exp(r - 1)) = 1 \Rightarrow 2r - 1 - \exp(r - 1) = 0$

18. The value  $r = r_s = 1$  is a solution, the superstable fixed point is also a two-cycle.